

# PETALL

## ***Pan European Task Activities for Language Learning***

### **Format for national courses**

Course Title
Working with tasks: Modern Foreign Languages, Common European Framework and ICT Selecting, adapting, creating and implementing tasks for learning languages
Rationale and justification for the course
Many Modern Foreign Language (MFL) teachers still experience problems with the implementation of the Common European Framework (CEFR). Working with language learning tasks is a tried and tested method for making language lessons less abstract and more appealing. By relating language learning tasks to the CEFR teachers can deliver classes at the right level. For this ICT is a useful tool.
Investigation of the field (state of the art) and innovative character
There are courses for MFL teachers about working with tasks, about the CEFR and about ICT but to our knowledge there is no course that deals with these three topics together.
Target groups
MFL teachers in primary and secondary education
Outcomes: changes in practices, procedures or didactic materials
We hope that this course will enable teachers to deliver education at the correct CEFR level with the help of ICT.
Contents
<p><b>Session 1: Introduction</b></p> <p>Short survey of literature about Task Based Language Teaching (see bibliography). Task based language Teaching and its uses for teachers, learners, trainee teachers and schools. The roles of the CEFR and ICT. Experiences with Task based language teaching in the Netherlands. European Projects about Task based language Teaching (ETALAGE and PETALL). How to access the ETALAGE and PETALL databases. Discussion of a sample of good practice and the criteria of a successful task. Participants work in groups and study the databases and select a task that they believe is successful. Discussion: adapting a task to one's own classroom situation. Individual work. Participants adapt the selected task to their own situation. The task is carried out in the school and is subsequently evaluated by the students.</p> <p><b>Session 2: Creating a task</b></p> <p>Participants report on how the selected and adapted task was carried out. On the basis of their findings they formulate their own criteria for a good task. Participants brainstorm in groups about a new task. Individual work.</p>

The new task is carried out in the school and is subsequently evaluated by the students.

### **Session 3: Evaluating and improving a task. Planning a follow-up.**

Participants report on how their own task was carried out. They work in groups on the improvement of the tasks (where necessary).

Participants make a plan for the introduction of tasks in their own classes, in those of their department and of their school.

#### **Methodologies**

The approach is practical. There is a short plenary introduction followed by discussion in small groups; trying out in own class and reporting on experiences.

#### **Evaluation procedures**

Participants fill in an evaluation form immediately after the course.

To check if knowledge and skills remain in the longer term a second evaluation form will be filled in after a few months.

#### **Follow up strategy**

Participants can stay in touch with each other and the tutors via an on-line forum.

#### **Schedule**

Timeframe	0,5 European credit point: 14 hrs.
Number of sessions	3
Total number of hours for each type of session	3 sessions of 2 – 2,5 hours each, supplemented with literature study and classroom work, approximately 2 – 2,5 hours.

#### **Approval by the national body**

Name of national body

Date of approval

Ref. No.

#### **Scientific advisor**

Name

Affiliation

#### **Bibliography and other resources**

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